

**MEMORANDUM OF ACTION
OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF
FOSTERING HOPE**

June 19, 2023

As permitted by the Arkansas Nonprofit Corporation Act of 1993, the following action is taken by the directors effective June 19, 2023:

1. Conflict of Interest Policy. The proposed Conflict of Interest Policy was presented to the Board. After review, the Conflict of Interest Policy as presented was adopted and the Secretary is directed to make the Conflict of Interest Policy a part of the corporate records.

We consent to and approve this action.

William Dunlap, President

Bailey Dunlap, Vice President

Lane Riggins, Secretary/Treasurer

FOSTERING HOPE

CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

1. Purpose. The purpose of the conflict of interest policy is to protect the interest of Fostering Hope (the “Organization”) when it is contemplating entering into a transaction or arrangement that might benefit the private interest of an officer or director of the Organization or might result in a possible excess benefit transaction. This policy is intended to supplement but not replace any applicable state and federal laws governing conflict of interest applicable to nonprofit and charitable organizations.

2. Definitions. 2.1 Interested Person. Any director, principal officer or member of a committee with governing board delegated powers, who has a direct or indirect financial interest, as defined below, is an interested person.

2.2 Financial Interest. A person has a financial interest if the person has, directly or indirectly, through business, investment, or family:

- (A) An ownership or investment interest in any entity with which the Organization has a transaction or arrangement;
- (B) A compensation arrangement with the Organization or with any entity or individual with which the Organization has a transaction or arrangement; or
- (C) A potential ownership or investment interest in, or compensation arrangement with, any entity or individual with which the Organization is negotiating a transaction or arrangement.

A financial interest is not necessarily a conflict of interest. Under paragraph 3.2, a person who has a financial interest may have a conflict of interest only if the appropriate governing board or committee decides that a conflict of interest exists. Compensation includes direct and indirect remuneration as well as gifts or favors that are not insubstantial.

3. Procedures. 3.1 Duty to Disclose. In connection with any actual or possible conflict of interest, an interested person must disclose the existence of the financial interest and be given the opportunity to disclose all material facts to the directors and members of committees with governing board delegated powers considering the proposed transaction or arrangement.

3.2 Determining Whether a Conflict of Interest Exists. After disclosure of the financial interest and all material facts, and after any discussion with the interested person, he/she will leave the governing board or committee meeting while the determination of a conflict of interest is discussed and voted upon. The remaining board or committee members will decide if a conflict of interest exists.

3.3 Procedures for Addressing the Conflict of Interest. 3.3.1 An interested person may make a presentation at the governing board or committee meeting, but after the presentation, he/she

will leave the meeting during the discussion of, and the vote on, the transaction or arrangement involving the possible conflict of interest.

3.3.2 The chairperson of the governing board or committee will, if appropriate, appoint a disinterested person or committee to investigate alternatives to the proposed transaction or arrangement.

3.3.3 After exercising due diligence, the governing board or committee will determine whether the Organization can obtain with reasonable efforts a more advantageous transaction or arrangement from a person or entity that would not give rise to a conflict of interest.

3.3.4 If a more advantageous transaction or arrangement is not reasonably possible under circumstances not producing a conflict of interest, the governing board or committee will determine by a majority vote of the disinterested directors whether the transaction or arrangement is in the Organization's best interest, for its own benefit, and whether it is fair and reasonable. In conformity with the above determination it will make its decision as to whether to enter into the transaction or arrangement.

3.4 Violations of the Conflicts of Interest Policy. 3.4.1 If the governing board or committee has reasonable cause to believe a person has failed to disclose actual or possible conflicts of interest, it will inform the person of the basis for such belief and afford the person an opportunity to explain the alleged failure to disclose.

3.4.2 If, after hearing the person's response and after making further investigation as warranted by the circumstances, the governing board or committee determines the person has failed to disclose an actual or possible conflict of interest, it will take appropriate disciplinary and corrective action.

3.5 Minutes. The minutes of the governing board and all committees with board delegated powers will contain:

- (A) The names of the persons who disclosed or otherwise were found to have a financial interest in connection with an actual or possible conflict of interest, the nature of the financial interest, any action taken to determine whether a conflict of interest was present, and the governing board's or committee's decision as to whether a conflict of interest in fact existed.
- (B) The names of the persons who were present for discussions and votes relating to the transaction or arrangement, the content of the discussion, including any alternatives to the proposed transaction or arrangement, and a record of any votes taken in connection with the proceedings.

4. Compensation. 4.1 Board Member Abstention. A voting member of the governing board who receives compensation, directly or indirectly, from the Organization for services is precluded from voting on matters pertaining to that member's compensation.

4.2 Committee Member Abstention. A voting member of any committee whose jurisdiction includes compensation matters and who receives compensation, directly or indirectly, from the Organization for services is precluded from voting on matters pertaining to that member's compensation.

4.3 Information. No voting member of the governing board or any committee whose jurisdiction includes compensation matters and who receives compensation, directly or indirectly, from the Organization, either individually or collectively, is prohibited from providing information to any committee regarding compensation.

5. Annual Statements. 5.1 Signature. Each director, principal officer and member of a committee with governing board delegated powers will annually sign a statement which affirms such person: (1) has received a copy of the conflicts of interest policy, (2) has read and understands the policy, (3) has agreed to comply with the policy and (4) understands the Organization is charitable and in order to maintain its federal tax exemption it must engage primarily in activities which accomplish one or more of its tax-exempt purposes.

6. Periodic Reviews. 6.1 Minimum. To ensure the Organization operates in a manner consistent with charitable purposes and does not engage in activities that could jeopardize its tax-exempt status, periodic reviews will be conducted. The periodic reviews will, at a minimum, include the following subjects:

- (1) Whether compensation arrangements and benefits are reasonable, based on competent survey information, and the result of arm's length bargaining.
- (2) Whether partnerships, joint ventures, and arrangements with management organizations conform to the Organization's written policies, are properly recorded, reflect reasonable investment or payments for goods and services, further charitable purposes and do not result in inurement, impermissible private benefit or in an excess benefit transaction.

When conducting these periodic reviews, the Organization may, but need not, use outside advisors. If outside experts are used, their use will not relieve the governing board of its responsibility for ensuring periodic reviews are conducted.

Dated: June 19, 2023.

Lane Riggins, Secretary/Treasurer